

CLAIMS

1. Method for manufacturing a diamond film (8) using
a pulsed microwave plasma, in which, in a vacuum
5 chamber (1), a plasma (7) of finite volume is formed
near a substrate (5) by subjecting a gas containing at
least hydrogen and carbon to a pulsed discharge, which
has a succession of low-power states and high-power
states, and having a peak absorbed power P_c , so as to
10 obtain at least carbon-containing radicals in the
plasma (7) and to deposit the said carbon-containing
radicals on the substrate (5) in order to form a
diamond film (8) thereon;
characterized in that power is injected into the volume
15 of the plasma with a peak power density of at least
 100 W/cm^3 while maintaining the substrate (5) to a
substrate temperature of between 700°C and 1000°C .

2. Method according to Claim 1, in which a plasma (7)
20 having at least one of the following features is
generated near the substrate (5):

- the pulsed discharge has a certain peak
absorbed power P_c and the ratio of the peak power to
the volume of the plasma is between 100 W/cm^3 and
25 250 W/cm^3 ,

- the maximum temperature of the plasma is
between 3500 K and 5000 K,

- the temperature of the plasma in a boundary
region of the plasma located less than 1 cm from the
30 surface of the substrate is between 1500 K and 3000 K
and

- the plasma contains hydrogen atoms having a
maximum concentration in the plasma of between 1.7×10^{16}
and $5 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$.

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3. Method according to Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which
said gas contains carbon and hydrogen in a
carbon/hydrogen molar ratio of between 1% and 12%.

4. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, in which said gas contains at least one hydrocarbon, and a plasma (7) having a concentration of the carbon-containing radicals of between $2 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ and $1 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ is generated.

5. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, in which a pulsed discharge is produced, in which the ratio of the duration of the high-power state to the duration of the low-power state is between 1/9 and 1.

6. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, in which at least one of the following parameters is estimated:

- a substrate temperature,
 - a temperature of the plasma,
 - a temperature of the plasma in said boundary region, located less than 1 cm from the surface of the substrate,
 - a concentration of atomic hydrogen in the plasma,
 - a concentration of carbon-containing radicals in the plasma,
 - a concentration of carbon-containing radicals in said boundary region close to the plasma,
 - a pressure of the plasma and
 - a power density of the plasma,
- and the power emitted as a function of time is adapted according to at least one of these parameters.

7. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, in which the plasma is contained in a cavity (13) with at least one of the following properties:

- the pulsed discharge has a peak power of at least 5 kW at 2.45 GHz,
- the pressure of the plasma is between 100 mbar and 350 mbar and

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· the gas containing hydrogen and carbon is emitted with a ratio of the flow rate to the volume of the plasma of between 0.75 and 7.5 sccm/cm³.

5 8. Method according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, in which the plasma is contained in a cavity with at least one of the following properties:

· the pulsed discharge has a peak power of at least 10 kW at 915 MHz,

10 · the pressure of the plasma is between 100 mbar and 350 mbar and

· the gas containing hydrogen and carbon is emitted with a ratio of the flow rate to the volume of the plasma of between 0.75 and 7.5 sccm/cm³.